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Teacher Professional Development:

A Systematic Literature Review on Strategies for Effective Continuous Learning

Pengembangan Profesi Guru:

Tinjauan Pustaka Sistematis tentang Strategi Pembelajaran Berkelanjutan yang Efektif

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ABSTRACT

Developing teacher professionalism is a crucial element in improving the quality of education. In this study, we conducted a systematic literature review to identify effective sustainable learning strategies for teachers. Based on our analysis, we found that collaboration between teachers, experience-based learning approaches, use of technology in learning, skills-based learning approaches, institutional support, teacher knowledge and skills, quality teaching, and improved student learning outcomes play an important role in increasing the effectiveness of sustainable learning. These findings provide valuable insights for educational practitioners in developing effective and sustainable teacher professional development programs.

Keywords: Teacher Professionalism Development, Continuous Learning, Teacher Collaboration, Learning Experience, Educational Technology, Teacher Skills, Institutional Support, Teacher Knowledge and Skill, Quality Teaching, Student Learning Outcomes

ABSTRAK

Pengembangan profesionalisme guru adalah elemen krusial dalam meningkatkan kualitas pendidikan. Dalam penelitian ini, kami melakukan tinjauan literatur sistematis untuk mengidentifikasi strategi pembelajaran berkelanjutan yang efektif bagi para guru. Berdasarkan analisis kami, kami menemukan bahwa kolaborasi antar guru, pendekatan pembelajaran berbasis pengalaman, pemanfaatan teknologi dalam pembelajaran, pendekatan pembelajaran berbasis keterampilan, dukungan institusional, pengetahuan dan keterampilan guru, kualitas mengajar, dan meningkatkan performa siswa memainkan peran penting dalam meningkatkan efektivitas pembelajaran berkelanjutan. Temuan ini memberikan wawasan yang berharga bagi praktisi pendidikan dalam mengembangkan program pengembangan profesionalisme guru yang efektif dan berkelanjutan.

Keywords: Pengembangan Profesionalisme Guru, Pembelajaran Berkelanjutan, Kolaborasi Guru, Pengalaman Pembelajaran, Teknologi Pendidikan, Keterampilan Guru, Dukungan Institusional, Pengetahuan dan Keterampilan Guru, Kualitas Mengajar, Meningkatkan Performa Siswa

Introduction

In the field of education, continuous learning and professional development are essential for teachers to stay updated with current trends and enhance their skills (Baird, 2018). Some programs are in public schools, while others are part of community-based organizations or provided in family child care homes. A comprehensive, consistent system of early childhood professional preparation and ongoing professional development is badly needed in every state to ensure that staff in early childhood programs and teachers in primary schools receive content-rich, college-level education that informs them about developmental patterns in early literacy learning and about research-based strategies to intensify the content

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that children are learning during the early childhood years (Zindi,2023). This ongoing professional development is necessary in order to continually improve teaching skills and ensure positive learning outcomes for children. To achieve effective continuous learning, teachers should not limit themselves to professional development centers and training centers (Lasito,2023).

Teacher Professional Development (TPD) refers to a series of activities designed to improve teachers' skills, knowledge and competencies in their teaching practice. This includes training programs, workshops, seminars, courses, conferences, as well as other professional development activities aimed at improving teaching and learning practices (Song, 2023). The explanation of TPD includes several key aspects: (1) Enhancement of Skills and Knowledge: TPD provides teachers with the opportunity to develop new skills and deepen their understanding of educational principles and current learning theories. This includes an understanding of effective teaching strategies, use of technology in learning, classroom management, assessment, and a variety of other pedagogical skills. (2) Continuous Professional Development: TPD not only focuses on initial skills development, but also supports ongoing professional development throughout a teacher's career. This includes lifelong learning, allowing teachers to continually update and expand their knowledge and skills as their education and professional demands evolve. (3) Improving Teaching Quality: Through TPD, teachers are given the opportunity to improve their teaching practices, improve the effectiveness of classroom learning, and improve student learning outcomes. This can include the use of innovative teaching strategies, integrating technology in learning, as well as developing student-centered approaches. (4) Encourage Collaboration and Exchange of Ideas: TPD also creates opportunities for teachers to collaborate, share experiences, and learn from each other. This could be through group discussions, mentor-mentee meetings, or collaboration on a co-teaching project. Such collaboration can enhance teacher learning and professional development. (5) Recognizing and Encouraging Teacher Leadership: TPD can also help identify and strengthen teacher leadership in educational settings. This involves providing opportunities for teachers to lead training sessions, serve as mentors to new teachers, or participate in curriculum development initiatives (Saleem, 2021) (Faulkner, 2019).

The importance of TPD is highly recognized in improving the quality of education and student learning outcomes. Therefore, investing in teacher professional development becomes a key strategy in efforts to improve the effectiveness of the education system as a whole. Teacher professional development (TPD) is a critical component of educational systems, aimed at enhancing teacher effectiveness and student learning outcomes (Williams, 2020). This article explores effective strategies for continuous teacher learning, drawing insights from recent research. A study conducted in one Connecticut school district describes a professional development strategy for elementary teachers to promote curriculum implementation and instructional strategies of student discourse and reasoning. The model was found to be effective in increasing teachers' understanding and implementation of instructional strategies, although the effects were not consistently linked to improvement in standardized achievement tests (Baird, 2018). A study in the Eastern Cape Department of Education identified obstacles preventing the effective implementation of training programs for teachers, including a lack of competitive and practical skills development programs, resources, low participation from educators, and effective human resource strategy (Zindi, 2023). The study recommends implementing well-designed professional development programs aligned with the curriculum and educational objectives to address these challenges

Strategies for Effective Continuous Learning refers to approaches, methods, and practices designed to facilitate ongoing professional development for teachers. It includes a series of actions aimed at promoting lifelong learning, integrating new knowledge and best practices into teaching practice, and encouraging reflection and continuous improvement in teachers' skills and understanding (Stăncescu,2019). The following are some commonly used

strategies to achieve effective continuous learning for teachers: (1) Structured Training Program: Implement a structured training program that includes a series of courses, workshops, seminars, and conferences designed to develop teachers' skills and knowledge in various aspects of teaching and learning. (2) Mentoring and Mentoring: Providing mentorship and coaching support for teachers, where they can receive constructive feedback, get advice from more experienced colleagues, and collaborate in overcoming challenges in their teaching. (3) Collaboration between Teachers: Encourage collaboration between teachers through group discussions, exchange of ideas, and collaborative projects to share best practices, successful teaching strategies, and learning resources. (4) Self-Development: Supporting teachers' self-development through educational literature, online resources, online courses, or online learning programs that enable them to deepen their knowledge and skills independently. (5) Use of Technology: Utilize educational technology such as online learning platforms, mobile applications, and other digital resources to provide easier and more flexible access to learning materials and facilitate distance learning and collaboration between teachers. (6) Reflection and Evaluation: Encourage teachers to reflect regularly on their teaching practices, identify strengths and areas for improvement, and develop action plans to continually improve the quality of their teaching. (7) Recognition and Incentives: Provide recognition, rewards, or incentives for teachers who are actively involved in ongoing learning activities, such as obtaining additional certification, leading training, or participating in innovative projects.By implementing these strategies, educational institutions can create an environment that supports continuous learning and ensure that teachers continue to develop professionally, thereby having a positive impact on the quality of education and student learning outcomes (Nooruddin, 2019) (Islami, 2022).

The key components of a successful teacher professional development program can be gleaned from the following research findings (Nooruddin, 2019) (Zindi, 2023) (Baird, 2018): (1) Instructional Strategies and Curriculum Implementation: A successful program should focus on promoting curriculum implementation and instructional strategies. For instance, the "look-ahead" professional development model was effective in increasing teachers' understanding and implementation of instructional strategies that promote student discourse and reasoning. (2) Addressing Specific Needs: Programs should be designed to address specific areas of need, such as literacy, numeracy, or inclusive education. By focusing on these specific areas, professional development programs can effectively target the critical challenges faced by educators. (3) Equity-Focused Approaches: Equity-focused professional development programs are essential for addressing achievement gaps in student learning. Research suggests that programs should be structured around relevant effective practices for equity-focused teacher professional development, with a focus on addressing the needs of traditionally underserved student populations. (4)Teacher Leadership Attributes: A successful program should also consider teacher leadership attributes, including dedication to continuous professional learning and ethical practice. This entails creating a framework that optimizes the role of educators in propelling educational progress, encompassing attributes such as adept leadership and collaboration skills. These components collectively emphasize the importance of tailored, equity-focused, and curriculum-aligned professional development programs that address specific needs, promote effective instructional strategies, and cultivate teacher leadership attributes to support continuous learning and improve student outcomes.

Developing teacher professionalism is a crucial aspect in improving the quality of education. In this context, continuous learning for teachers becomes a necessity, because the world of education is always developing and changing. This research explores various strategies that can be used to strengthen continuous learning for teachers, in the hope of improving the quality of their teaching (Foschi,2021). Through a systematic literature review, we investigate various approaches that have been adopted and evaluated in the context of teacher professional development. Effective teacher professional development strategies are essential

for continuous learning and improving student outcomes. By addressing challenges and implementing well-designed professional development programs, educators can enhance their teaching practices and contribute to the overall success of their students and schools.

The phenomenon that is the focus of this research is the challenges faced by teachers in following the latest developments in the world of education. Although many efforts have been made to improve the quality of teaching through training and professional development, there are still gaps in effective implementation of strategies. This can be seen from the lack of integration between professional development programs and the real needs of teachers, as well as the lack of emphasis on ongoing continuous learning. The research gap that is the central point of this research is the lack of understanding of the most effective strategies in supporting sustainable learning for teachers. Although much previous research has identified various professional development approaches, there has been a lack of emphasis on the effectiveness of specific strategies in the context of continuous learning. Therefore, this study aims to fill this gap by conducting a comprehensive and in-depth systematic literature review.

Research Methods

This research uses a systematic literature review method to collect, evaluate, and synthesize various articles relevant to the topic of teacher professionalism development and sustainable learning. The initial stage involves determining relevant keywords, such as "teacher professional development", "continuous learning", "effective strategies". Then, searches were carried out through various academic databases such as Google Scholar, Scopus, Web of Science, ScienceDirect, and ProQuest using a combination of these keywords.

After obtaining a number of relevant articles, a screening process was carried out based on predetermined inclusion and exclusion criteria. Articles that meet these criteria are then selected for further study. The number of articles generated and filtered based on certain criteria is then recorded and analyzed to understand key trends and findings in the related literature.

Overall, this method allows one to gain an in-depth understanding of the various strategies that have been evaluated in the context of teacher professional development and continuous learning. Thus, it is hoped that this research can make a significant contribution to the understanding and development of best practices in supporting sustainable learning for teachers.

Results and Discussion Continuous Learning Strategy

1. Collaboration between teachers

Collaboration between teachers is a process that allows educators to share knowledge, experience and best practices in order to improve the quality of teaching and learning in schools. This includes various activities such as group discussions, collaboration in curriculum development teams, or implementing mentoring programs between teachers. Through this collaboration, teachers have the opportunity to learn from each other, share successful teaching strategies, and evaluate their own practices in an open and supportive environment (Hayes, 2019).

The hypothesis proposed is that collaboration between teachers has a positive relationship with the effectiveness of sustainable learning. This is based on the assumption that the exchange of experiences and best practices between teachers will make a significant contribution to improving their skills and knowledge. Through collaboration, teachers can expand their knowledge of effective teaching methods, identify new strategies to overcome challenges in teaching, and improve their practice on an ongoing basis. Thus, collaboration between teachers is expected to be one of the key factors that strengthens sustainable learning in the educational environment (Modise, 2020).

Hypothesis: Collaboration between teachers has a positive relationship with the effectiveness of continuous learning, assuming that the exchange of experiences and best practices will improve teachers' skills and knowledge.

2. Experience-based learning approach

The experience-based learning approach is a learning method that emphasizes the use of direct experience as the main means of gaining understanding and knowledge. In this approach, teachers create a learning environment that allows students to engage in activities that involve direct experience, such as case studies, simulations, or hands-on practice in learning situations. After the experience, students are encouraged to reflect on their experience, identify lessons learned, and understand the implications of the experience in their learning context (Kennedy,2016).

The hypothesis proposed is that an experience-based learning approach is positively correlated with the effectiveness of continuous learning. This is based on the understanding that direct experience provides a deeper and more memorable understanding for teachers. Through direct experience, teachers have the opportunity to experience firsthand the challenges and situations they may encounter in everyday teaching. Additionally, the process of reflection after such experiences allows teachers to evaluate their own practices, identify areas for improvement, and make necessary changes in their teaching approaches. Thus, it is hoped that the experience-based learning approach can be an important factor in strengthening sustainable learning, by providing teachers with a deeper and more relevant understanding of effective teaching practices (Anđić,2020).

Hypothesis: An experience-based learning approach is positively correlated with the effectiveness of continuous learning, because direct experience provides a deeper and more memorable understanding for teachers.

3. Use of technology in learning

The use of technology in learning has become one of the key aspects in the transformation of modern education. This involves the use of various technological tools and platforms, such as computers, the internet, mobile devices, and educational applications, to enhance the learning process. Through the use of this technology, accessibility to learning resources can be significantly improved, eliminating geographical and time barriers. In addition, technology also allows flexibility in learning, allowing students and teachers to access learning materials anytime and anywhere according to their needs. The interactivity offered by technology also enables a more interesting and engaged learning experience, with various tools and features enabling direct interaction between teachers and students, as well as between fellow students (Fairman, 2023).

The hypothesis proposed is that the use of technology in learning contributes positively to the effectiveness of sustainable learning. This is based on the understanding that technology can provide access to diverse learning resources, enabling students and teachers to continue learning and developing in an ever-changing environment. In addition, technology also facilitates distance learning, which is becoming increasingly important in today's global education context. By utilizing technology, teachers can deliver learning material efficiently and interestingly, while students can learn independently and collaborate with each other using various available tools and platforms. Therefore, the use of technology in learning is expected to be a key factor in increasing the effectiveness of continuous learning, by providing access to diverse learning resources and facilitating flexible and involved learning (Sancar,2021).

Hypothesis: The use of technology in learning contributes positively to the effectiveness of continuous learning, because technology can provide access to diverse learning resources and facilitate distance learning.

4. Skills-based learning approach

The skills-based learning approach emphasizes the development of specific skills that are highly relevant to the tasks faced by teachers in their learning environment. This involves identifying and developing skills such as effective teaching skills, good classroom management, or appropriate use of educational technology. By focusing on developing these skills, teachers are expected to improve their ability to convey material clearly, manage the classroom effectively, and integrate technology appropriately in the learning process (Mlambo, 2021).

The hypothesis proposed is that a skills-based learning approach has a positive correlation with the effectiveness of continuous learning. This is based on the understanding that improving teachers' skills will have a direct impact on the quality of their teaching. By developing necessary skills, such as effective teaching skills or the use of innovative educational technology, teachers can improve their ability to handle challenges in the learning environment. In doing so, they will be better able to create meaningful and engaging learning experiences for their students, which in turn will have a positive impact on student learning outcomes and on the overall effectiveness of ongoing learning. Therefore, a skills-based learning approach is expected to be one of the key factors in increasing the effectiveness of continuous learning, by providing teachers with the skills necessary to be successful in their profession (Greshilova, 2020).

Hypothesis: A skills-based learning approach has a positive correlation with the effectiveness of sustainable learning, because improving teachers' skills will have a direct impact on the quality of their teaching.

5. Institutional recognition and support

Institutional recognition and support are important aspects in supporting the development of teacher professionalism and continuity of continuous learning. This includes rewards, incentives, and resource allocations provided by educational institutions to teachers as a form of recognition of their contributions and to encourage active participation in continuous learning programs. Institutional support may also include providing training, mentorship, or facilities for teacher professional development (Kitto, 2018).

The hypothesis proposed is that institutional recognition and support have a positive relationship with the effectiveness of sustainable learning. This is based on the understanding that support from institutions can increase teachers' motivation and commitment in their professional development. When teachers feel recognized and supported by their institutions, they tend to be more motivated to engage in continuous learning programs and to improve the quality of their teaching. Strong institutional support can also create a positive and collaborative work environment, where teachers feel supported in their efforts to continually learn and develop. Thus, institutional recognition and support is expected to be an important factor in increasing the effectiveness of continuous learning, by providing teachers with the motivation and support they need to be successful in their professional development (Porcenaluk, 2023).

Hypothesis: Institutional recognition and support have a positive relationship with the effectiveness of continuous learning, because support from institutions can increase teachers' motivation and commitment in their professional development.

6. Increasing teacher knowledge and skills

Increasing teacher knowledge and skills is important in the context of sustainable learning. This includes growth in understanding new concepts, teaching strategies, and pedagogical skills necessary to deliver material more effectively to students. This improvement can be achieved in various ways, such as through professional training, independent self-development, collaboration between teachers, or participation in curriculum development programs (Kennedy, 2016).

The hypothesis proposed is that increasing teacher knowledge and skills will have a positive impact on the effectiveness of sustainable learning. This is based on the assumption that more skilled and educated teachers will be able to provide higher quality instruction to their students. With enhanced knowledge and skills, teachers have the ability to design more meaningful learning experiences, use more innovative teaching strategies, and effectively respond to individual student needs. Over time, these improvements will contribute to better learning outcomes and to the overall effectiveness of ongoing learning. Therefore, it is important to continue to improve teacher knowledge and skills as part of efforts to improve the quality of education and achieve higher learning goals (Anđić,2020).

Hypothesis: Increasing teacher knowledge and skills will have a positive impact on the effectiveness of sustainable learning, with the assumption that more skilled and educated teachers will be able to provide higher quality teaching.

7. Improving the quality of teaching

Improving the quality of teaching is an effort to improve teachers' teaching standards in terms of teaching methods, teacher-student interactions, and the use of results-oriented learning strategies. This involves refining teaching techniques, developing communication skills, as well as implementing learning strategies that focus on achieving learning goals. By improving the quality of teaching, it is hoped that teachers can create a more motivating, interactive and effective learning environment for students (Fairman, 2023).

The hypothesis proposed is that improving the quality of teaching will be positively related to the effectiveness of sustainable learning. This is based on the understanding that better teaching will increase students' understanding and motivation to learn. When teachers are able to convey material more clearly, involve students in learning actively, and use relevant learning strategies, students tend to feel more motivated to learn and achieve better results. Thus, improving the quality of teaching is expected to be an important factor in creating a supportive and effective learning environment, which in turn will contribute to the overall effectiveness of sustainable learning (Hayes, 2019).

Hypothesis: Improving the quality of teaching will be positively related to the effectiveness of ongoing learning, because better teaching will increase students' understanding and motivation to learn.

8. Improved student learning outcomes

Improved student learning outcomes include the academic progress, skills, and understanding students achieve as a result of their learning experiences in the classroom. This includes improvements in conceptual understanding, the ability to apply knowledge in different contexts, as well as the development of critical and analytical thinking skills. This increase is the main indicator of the effectiveness of the learning process and describes the extent to which students can achieve the set learning goals (Williams, 2020).

The hypothesis proposed is that increasing student learning outcomes will be directly correlated with the effectiveness of sustainable learning. This is based on the understanding that the ultimate goal of the educational process is to increase student achievement in terms of the knowledge and skills they possess. When students succeed in achieving the expected learning outcomes, this shows that the learning process has been effective in helping them achieve the desired understanding and skills. Therefore, the effectiveness of continuous learning is measured by its ability to consistently improve student learning outcomes over time. Thus, focusing on improving student learning outcomes is an important component in efforts to achieve sustainable and sustainable learning effectiveness (Stăncescu, 2019).

Hypothesis: Increasing student learning outcomes will be directly correlated with the effectiveness of continuous learning, because the ultimate goal of the educational process is to increase student achievement in terms of knowledge and skills.

Research Framework

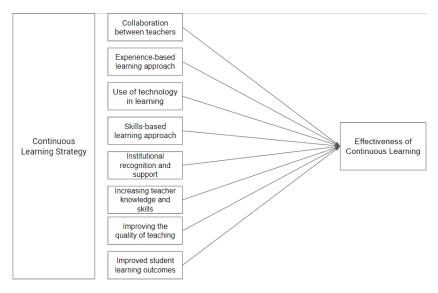


Figure 1. Research Framework

Conclusion

In this research, we have identified various sustainable learning strategies that can support teacher professional development. The research results show that collaboration between teachers, experience-based learning approaches, use of technology in learning, skills-based learning approaches, and institutional support play an important role in increasing the effectiveness of sustainable learning. These findings provide a deeper understanding of the factors that can strengthen sustainable learning practices in educational settings. The implication of these findings is the importance of supporting teachers with appropriate resources and strategies to continuously improve the quality of their teaching.

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